New Mexico Labor Market Review

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HIGHLIGHTS

Continuing economic improvement was evident in New Mexico's labor force statistics for October. The state's unemployment rate slipped to 9.2 percent during October, down from 9.4 percent in September. The unemployment rate has declined steadily since June's recession high of 10.8 percent. Both the jobless rate and the number of persons unemployed this October were lower than a year ago - the first time this has occurred in almost two years. But even with this improvement, the state's unemployment rate remained higher than the U.S. rate which also fell in October, dropping from 8.8 to 8.4 percent.

Total nonagricultural payroll employment declined during the month by 1,100 which is somewhat less than usually expected this time of year. Construction, trade and services all experienced normal reductions in October; however, employment gains in mining and manufacturing partially offset these decreases. Mining added 300 jobs, all in the nonmetallic and oil & gas extraction sub-sectors. The nonmetallic gain of 200 jobs was caused by the rehiring of laid off potash workers in Eddy County. Manufacturing added 100 jobs during the month, virtually all in the electronic equipment sub-sector. Most of this increase was the result of continued hiring by Albuquerque area electronics firms.

Although total manufacturing has fewer jobs than one year ago, the losses have been concentrated in only three industry sub-sectors. Transportation equipment, apparel and professional & scientific instruments have lost a total of 1,100 jobs over the last twelve months. Significant employment growth has occurred in the electronic equipment, lumber, machinery and food manufacturing sub-sectors.

OCTOBER SUMMARY 1/

	Prel.	Revised		Change From	
	October 1983	September 1983	October 1982	September 1983	October 1982
Civilian Labor Force	603,400	604,500	604,700	-1,100	-1,300
Employment	548,100	547,900	547,500	+ 200	+ 600
Unemployment	55,300	56,600	57,200	-1,300	-1,900
Rate	9.2%	9.4%	9.5%		

1/ Estimates of employed and unemployed persons by place of residence

NEW MEXICO

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT (JOBS)

(Prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

	Prelim OCT 1983	Revised SEP 1983	Revised OCT 1982	Change From OCT SEP 1983	Change From OCT 1982
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	486,300	487,400	477,200	-1,100	+9,100
MINING	21,100	20,800	24,200	+ 300	-3,100
Metal Mining	4,600	4,600	5,000	0	- 400
Bituminous Coal, Quarrying and Nonmetallic Mining	3,700	3,600	5,000	+ 200	-1,200
Oil and Gas Extraction	12,700	12,600	14,200	+ 100	-1,500
CONSTRUCTION	35,900	36,900	32,500	-1,000	+3,400
MANUFACTURING	34,600	34,500	34,700	+ 100	- 100
Durable Goods	21,800	21,700	21,800	+ 100	0
Lumber and Wood Products	2,300	2,200	2,100	+ 100	+ 200
Elec. and Electronic Equipment	4,800	4,700	4,500	+ 100	+ 300
Transportation Equipment	3,700	3,800	4,300	- 100	- 600
Other Durable Goods	11,000	11,000	10,900	0	+ 100
Nondurable Goods	12,800	12,800	12,900	0	- 100
Food and Kindred Products	4,400	4,500	4,300	- 100	+ 100
Textiles and Apparel	2,600	2,600	2,900	0	- 300
Other Nondurable Goods	5,800	5,700	5,700	+ 100	+ 100
TRANSPORTATION and PUBLIC UTILITIES	29,200	29,300	30,100	- 100	- 900
Railroad Transportation	2,300	2,300	2,400	0	- 100
Trucking and Warehousing	5,500	5,500	5,800	0	- 300
Other Transportation	4,200	4,200	4,100	0	+ 100
Communication	7,400	7,400	7,800	0	- 400
Elec., Gas and Sanitary Services	9,800	9,900	10,000	- 100	- 200
WHOLESALE and RETAIL TRADE	113,800	114,200	111,400	- 400	+2,400
Wholesale Trade	23,000	22,900	23,000	+ 100	0
Durable Goods	13,700	13,700	13,700	0	0
Nondurable Goods	9,300	9,200	9,300	+ 100	0
Retail Trade	90,800	91,300	88,400	- 500	+2,400
General Merchandise Stores	11,000	10,800	11,000	+ 200	0
Food Stores	13,700	13,800	13,000	- 100	+ 700
Auto Dlrs and Service Stations	11,800	11,800	12,300	0	- 500
Eating and Drinking Places	32,000	32,600	30,400	- 600	+1,600
Other Retail Trade	22,300	22,300	21,700	0	+ 600
FINANCE, INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE	23,100	23,100	21,800	0	+1,300
Banking	8,100	8,000	7,700	+ 100	+ 400
Ins. Carriers, Agents and Brokers	5,400	5,500	5,400	- 100	0
Other Finance, Ins. and Real Estate	9,600	9,600	8,700	0	+ 900
SERVICES	98,300	98,700	95,200	- 400	+3,100
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	10,400	10,700	10,300	- 300	+ 100
Personal Services	4,800	4,700	4,900	+ 100	- 100
Business Services	22,200	22,100	21,300	+ 100	+ 900
Health Services	24,300	24,300	23,800	0	+ 500
Social Services	6,300	6,300	6,500	0	- 200
Membership Organizations	5,300	5,400	4,700	- 100	+ 600
Other Services	25,000	25,200	23,700	- 200	+1,300
GOVERNMENT	130,300	129,900	127,300	+ 400	+3,000
Federal	30,000	30,300	28,700	- 300	+1,300
State 2/	45,300	45,700	44,400	- 400	+ 900
Local	55,000	53,900	54,200	+1,100	+ 800

1/ *Estimates include all full-time and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period which included the 12th day of the month. Self-employed, family workers, household workers and members of the Armed Forces are excluded.*

2/ *Includes other state employees working in New Mexico.*

ALBUQUERQUE AREA (BERNALILLO AND SANDOVAL COUNTIES)

HIGHLIGHTS

The Albuquerque area unemployment situation saw little change in October as the unemployment rate inched down from 8.3 to 8.2 percent. The number of unemployed persons dropped by 200 and the number of people employed fell by 1,000 during the month.

Total nonagricultural employment receded by 900 jobs in October which is somewhat less than usually expected for the month. The normal decline in employment was eased by increases of 200 jobs each in durable goods, mainly in the electronic equipment sub-sector, and in the general merchandise sub-sector of trade due to the opening of two large retail stores.

The seasonal employment declines in October were centered in state government and the tourism influenced sub-sectors of eating & drinking and lodging places. The reduction of 1,100 jobs in state government was largely the result of State Fair layoffs.

Total unemployment in the Albuquerque area is now below that of a year ago. This, in conjuction with the yearly growth of 6,200 in total nonagricultural employment, indicates that the Albuquerque economy is continuing to recover from the recent recession.

OCTOBER SUMMARY 1/

	Prel.	Revised		Change From	
	October 1983	September 1983	October 1982	September 1983	October 1982
Civilian Labor Force	224,900	226,100	222,700	-1,200	+2,200
Employment	206,400	207,400	204,000	-1,000	+2,400
Unemployment	18,500	18,700	18,700	-200	-200
Rate	8.2%	8.3%	8.4%		

1/ Estimates of employed and unemployed persons by place of residence

ALBUQUERQUE AREA (BERNALILLO AND SANDOVAL COUNTIES)

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT (JOBS)

(Prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

	Prelim OCT 1983	Revised SEP 1983	Revised OCT 1982	OCT Change From SEP 1983	OCT Change From OCT 1982
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	198,300	199,200	192,100	- 900	+6,200
CONSTRUCTION	12,800	12,900	12,200	- 100	+ 600
MANUFACTURING	18,600	18,400	18,200	+ 200	+ 400
Durable Goods	13,100	12,900	12,900	+ 200	+ 200
Nondurable Goods	5,500	5,500	5,300	0	+ 200
TRANSPORTATION and PUBLIC UTILITIES	11,700	11,700	12,300	0	- 600
Transportation	4,900	4,900	5,200	0	- 300
Communication	4,100	4,100	4,500	0	- 400
Electric, Gas and Sanitary Services	2,700	2,700	2,600	0	+ 100
WHOLESALE and RETAIL TRADE	50,000	50,000	48,200	0	+1,800
Wholesale Trade	13,400	13,400	13,300	0	+ 100
Durable Goods	8,700	8,700	8,700	0	0
Nondurable Goods	4,700	4,700	4,600	0	+ 100
Retail Trade	36,600	36,600	34,900	0	+1,700
General Merchandise Stores	4,100	3,900	4,000	+ 200	+ 100
Food Stores	4,100	4,100	3,900	0	+ 200
Auto Dlrs and Service Stations	4,200	4,200	4,400	0	- 200
Eating and Drinking Places	13,600	13,900	12,500	- 300	+1,100
Other Retail Trade	10,600	10,500	10,100	+ 100	+ 500
FINANCE, INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE	11,600	11,600	11,000	0	+ 600
Banking	3,000	3,000	2,900	0	+ 100
Ins Carriers, Agents and Brokers	3,500	3,400	3,400	+ 100	+ 100
Other Finance, Ins. and Real Estate	5,100	5,200	4,700	- 100	+ 400
SERVICES and MINING	50,100	50,000	47,700	+ 100	+2,400
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	3,100	3,200	2,800	- 100	+ 300
Health Services	11,700	11,700	11,400	0	+ 300
Social Services	2,600	2,700	2,700	- 100	- 100
Membership Organizations	1,600	1,500	1,500	+ 100	+ 100
Other Services and Mining	31,100	30,900	29,300	+ 200	+1,800
GOVERNMENT	43,500	44,600	42,500	-1,100	+1,000
Federal	12,200	12,500	11,900	- 300	+ 300
State	12,100	13,200	11,900	-1,100	+ 200
Local	19,200	18,900	18,700	+ 300	+ 500

1/ *Estimates include all full-time and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period which included the 12th day of the month. Self-employed, family workers, household workers and members of the Armed Forced are excluded.*

LAS CRUCES AREA (DONA ANA COUNTY)

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT (JOBS)

(Prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

	Prelim OCT 1983	Revised SEP 1983	Revised OCT 1982	OCT Change from SEP	OCT Change from OCT 1982
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	34,250	33,375	32,025	+875	+2,225
CONSTRUCTION	2,125	2,250	1,575	-125	+ 550
MANUFACTURING	3,225	3,250	3,175	- 25	+ 50
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	1,225	1,200	1,250	+ 25	- 25
Transportation	600	575	550	+ 25	+ 50
Comm, Elec, Gas & San Service	625	625	700	0	- 75
WHOLESALE & RETAIL TRADE	6,550	6,525	5,925	+ 25	+ 625
Wholesale Trade	875	850	825	+ 25	+ 50
Retail Trade	5,675	5,675	5,100	0	+ 575
General Merchandise Stores	775	800	750	- 25	+ 25
Food Stores	725	725	700	0	+ 25
Auto Dlrs & Serv Stations	775	750	750	+ 25	+ 25
Eating & Drinking Places	2,300	2,300	1,850	0	+ 450
Other Retail Trade	1,100	1,100	1,050	0	+ 50
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	1,325	1,325	1,225	0	+ 100
SERVICES & MINING	4,625	4,350	4,225	+275	+ 400
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	600	625	625	- 25	- 25
Business Services	675	700	700	- 25	- 25
Health Services	900	900	825	0	+ 75
Social Services	325	350	250	- 25	+ 75
Other Services & Mining	2,125	1,775	1,825	+350	+ 300
GOVERNMENT	15,175	14,475	14,650	+700	+ 525
Federal	4,525	4,375	4,300	+150	+ 225
State	5,950	5,550	5,725	+400	+ 225
Local	4,700	4,550	4,625	+150	+ 75

AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS ESTIMATES

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION, CONSTRUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	OCT 1983	SEP 1983	OCT 1982	OCT 1983	SEP 1983	OCT 1982	OCT 1983	SEP 1983	OCT 1982
NEW MEXICO									
MINING	$471.09	$484.07	$500.57	41.8	42.8	42.1	$11.27	$11.31	$11.89
CONSTRUCTION	391.79	399.76	404.06	37.6	38.0	36.8	10.42	10.52	10.98
MANUFACTURING	296.83	308.48	295.46	38.3	38.9	39.5	7.75	7.93	7.48
Durable Goods	314.40	320.39	330.48	40.0	40.3	40.5	7.86	7.95	8.16
Nondurable Gds	261.40	284.83	222.53	34.9	36.1	37.4	7.49	7.89	5.95
COMM and UTIL	397.07	402.05	376.54	40.6	40.9	40.1	9.78	9.83	9.39
TRADE *	252.40	253.11	254.12	35.7	35.4	36.2	7.07	7.15	7.02
BANKING	206.98	193.36	187.45	39.5	36.9	36.9	5.24	5.24	5.08
ALBUQUERQUE									
MANUFACTURING	$292.33	$288.80	$316.79	41.0	37.9	39.5	$ 7.13	$ 7.62	$ 8.02

* *Excludes Eating and Drinking places*

Note: Estimates include all full-time and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period which included the 12th day of the month. Self-employed, family workers, household workers and members of the Armed Forces are excluded. The average earnings are "gross" reflecting not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such factors as premium pay for overtime and shift differentials. The work week information relates to the average hours for which pay was received, and is different from standard or scheduled hours due to absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, overtime work, etc.

STATEWIDE ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

ALBUQUERQUE AREA: Chase Econometrics, a national research firm, says Albuquerque can expect an annual growth rate through 1992 of 2.6 percent and the creation of a total of 50,000 to 60,000 new jobs. In two years, Albuquerque has slipped from 28th to 30th among 112 cities in the growth projections made by the firm. The expectations of Chase Econometrics for the next decade is that high technology and defense will outdistance the energy industry. At more than 51,000 acres, Kirtland Air Force Base is the sixth largest in the U.S. and employs more than 18,515 civilian and military employees and supports 148 contractor tenants. The total economic impact of Kirtland on the Albuquerque area has been estimated at $1.025 billion in 1982. Intel's Rio Rancho computer-chip plant plans to start up in January or February 1984. The plant expects to hire up to 400 more people by the end of 1984, bringing the total plant workforce to nearly 800. The hiring speed at Intel during 1984 will depend upon product demand, assimilation time for those in training, the plant's ability to provide training and the availability of qualified workers in Albuquerque. Officials of the Albuquerque Convention and Visitors Bureau estimate from 10,000 to 11,000 visitors were here in October during the National Arabian and Half-Arabian Horse Show and the Aircraft Owners and Pilots Association (AOPA) Convention. It is estimated visitors for the horse show spent $8.4 million and visitors for the AOPA Convention spent $1.6 million. Construction is scheduled to start in February 1984 on the new $40 million, 16-story office tower of First City Financial Corporation. The new structure, to be located on the north side of Lomas Boulevard between Third and Fourth Streets, will provide up to 23,000 square feet of retail space and 286,000 square feet of office space. The City of Albuquerque has about 215 people enrolled in its Job Training Partnership (JTPA) Program. The new program ,which replaces CETA ,has an annual budget of $4 million and is geared to serve 1,600 job trainees. Economics Research Associates (ERA) of Los Angeles estimates the annual Albuquerque International Balloon Fiesta held in October boosts the local economy by $29.6 million. According to ERA, the balloon fiesta takes in $11.5 million in primary expenditures and those dollars are turned over in the local economy two and one-half times. Sandia National Laboratory's Albuquerque payroll for fiscal year ending September 30, 1983 was $231.1 million with 8,130 employees. Sandia purchases during the same period in New Mexico amounted to $158.4 million of which $155.2 million went to Albuquerque firms.

ALAMOGORDO/RUIDOSO AREA: Alamogordo businesses received more than $2.7 million in trade from the White Sands Missile Range during the 3rd quarter of this year. A $2 million-plus hotel/retail complex is scheduled to be built, beginning in mid-January, in Ruidoso. The complex, to be called the Painted Lady Square, will consist of a small luxury eight-room hotel and five retail shops. Ski Cloudcroft has a new owner and a major expansion project is underway at the ski resort east of Alamogordo. Four new ski trails are being cut and a new chairlift is being installed, all in time for this upcoming ski season.

CARLSBAD/ARTESIA AREA: James Hamilton Construction Company of Silver City was low bidder of $5.2 million for highway construction on U.S. 62/180 between Carlsbad and Hobbs. Work is underway on a $200,000 addition to Guadalupe Medical Center in Carlsbad.

CLOVIS/PORTALES AREA: Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM) will begin construction in March 1984 on a $5 to $6 million, 216-mile power line running from Clovis to PNM's power station north of Albuquerque. The project is expected to employ 245 construction workers and be completed by January 1985.

ESPANOLA AREA: A slump in the lumber industry has forced Evergreen Lumber Company to lay off 20 employees at its Chama sawmill. The sawmill still employs about 35 full-time workers.

FARMINGTON AREA: Animas Valley Mall in Farmington has added five new stores. The addition of the Potato Patch, Color Tec, Merle Norman, Hurrah! and McDonalds brings to 70 the number of stores in the mall. A recent Bureau of Land Management study indicates that two projects proposed for the San Juan Basin, the construction of the 500-megawatt power plant by Public Service Company of New Mexico and the mining of up to 3.1 billion tons of coal, both scheduled between 1985 and 2020, would add approximately 9,000 direct jobs at peak (about the year 2000). An economic impact study, prepared by G.M. Cohen and Associates Inc. of Farmington, estimates that the coal-fired San Juan Generating Station near Waterflow adds about $120 million annually to the Four Corners' economy. The study was commissioned to quantify the effect on the local economy of the plant's 936 employees and purchases of $62 million in local goods and services. A study committee named by the San Juan County Commission has endorsed a proposal for a horse race track with parimutuel wagering at McGee Park County Fairgrounds. It is estimated that the operation of the track would create up to 200 full-time permanent jobs and up to 1,500 seasonal jobs.

GALLUP/GRANTS AREA: Carbon Coal Company's Mentmore Mine plans to recall 55 to 65 employees in November. This will bring the coal mine's employment to between 90 and 100 workers.

HOBBS/LOVINGTON AREA: Bids are scheduled to be let next March on a new $2.4 million state government office building in Hobbs.

LAS CRUCES AREA: New Mexico State University (NMSU) officials anticipate that the university will be awarded research contracts worth approximately $50 million in 1983-84. The City of Las Cruces has issued a total of 1,578 building permits year-to-date in September. The record for permits issued in a single year was in 1978, when the city issued 1,706 permits.

LAS VEGAS AREA: Northern New Mexico Land Investors, Inc., the developers of the new Sun Ridge subdivision, are buying most of their materials from local businessmen and are utilizing the services of local contractors to help boost the economy. When Sun Ridge is fully developed, it will include 89 lots and a public park.

ROSWELL AREA: The U.S Bureau of Prisons is planning to award a contract soon to build a federal detention center for undocumented migrant workers; and a California firm, Behavioral Systems S.W., is proposing to locate the new center at the Roswell Industrial Air Center. The new center would operate on a $4.6 million yearly budget, according to Behavioral Systems officials. The Levi Strauss manufacturing plant in Roswell experienced two separate one week layoffs in October, each involving approximately 400 workers. J.P. White Industries is now operating its renovated feed processing plant in Roswell with a work force of approximately 30. The firm spent $2 million renovating the plant in order to increase feed production from 80 to 240 tons per day.

SANTA FE AREA: A new 1,400 square-foot Dairy Queen has opened at the Casa Solano Shopping Center on West Alameda. The new store represents a $140,000 investment in construction and another $100,000 for equipment. The new Dairy Queen will employ 12 people. Four new stores have opened at the 42,000 square-foot Rodeo Plaza Shopping Center, including: Rodeo Plaza Liquors, The Glen-Mar Supermarket, Hair Affair, and the Video Unlimited. Other business scheduled to move into the

new shopping center include a pizza shop, an ice cream store, a gifts and care shop, a jewelry store and a health spa. October was a record month for construction activity in Santa Fe, according to city building permit statistics. A total of 237 projects received permits during October which is roughly double the number issued during the same month last year. Building permits for the first ten months of 1983 already have exceeded the totals for all of 1982.

SILVER CITY AREA: A major interstate crude oil pipeline from California to Texas will cut across southwestern New Mexico. All American Pipeline Company will construct the 1,300-mile pipeline beginning next summer, and the project should be completed in early 1986. The pipeline will cut across Hidalgo, Grant, Luna and Dona Ana counties before crossing the Texas border south of Las Cruces. The pipeline is expected to cost $605 million to build. Goldfield Corporation has brought on line a new silver mill at its St. Cloud property near Winston. The St. Cloud mine has been in operation since March 1982 but until now the ore has been trucked to the company's San Pedro mill north of Albuquerque. T. Brown Constructors of Albuquerque has been awarded a $3.8 million contract for highway construction on N.M 90 near Tyrone.

SOCORRO/BELEN AREA: Work is expected to begin in December on a new 80-unit motel in Belen which will be named Los Molinas Inn. Area voters recently approved a $2.5 million bond issue to finance construction of a new permanent campus for the University of New Mexico - Valencia Campus in Tome.

TAOS AREA: Molycorp's recently renovated mill started operations in early October and is processing ore from the new underground mine.

TUCUMCARI AREA: The U.S. Synthetic Fuels Corporation (SFC) has withdrawn a promise of price and loan guarantees of $4 million to Solv-Ex Corporation of Albuquerque for its Santa Rosa project to extract crude oil from tar sands. Oil concentrations at the sands deposits near Santa Rosa were found to be much less than originally estimated, and consequently the project lost the Foster Wheeler Corporation as a project investor. Solv-Ex is continuing to examine the deposits and plans to submit a report to the SFC on its new findings in hopes of obtaining future SFC help.

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U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

October 1983 CPI-U 302.6 (Base 1967=100)

CPI-W 301.3

CPI-U - All Urban Consumers

CPI-W - Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers

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OFFICIAL LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

	PRELIMINARY OCTOBER 1983 [1]				REVISED SEPTEMBER 1983 [1]				REVISED OCTOBER 1982 [1]			
	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate
STATEWIDE	603,474	548,126	55,348	9.2	604,473	547,910	56,563	9.4	604,719	547,507	57,212	9.5
ALBUQUERQUE AREA [2]	224,964	206,447	18,517	8.2	226,111	207,391	18,720	8.3	222,613	203,958	18,655	8.4
LAS CRUCES MSA [3]	42,084	38,363	3,721	8.8	40,515	36,722	3,793	9.4	39,251	35,587	3,664	9.3
Catron	1,038	941	97	9.3	1,024	967	57	5.6	1,068	898	170	15.9
Chaves	25,709	23,200	2,509	9.8	24,788	22,873	1,915	7.7	24,942	23,392	1,550	6.2
Cibola	11,262	9,429	1,833	16.3	11,341	9,499	1,842	16.2	12,813	10,087	2,726	21.3
Colfax	6,889	5,770	1,119	16.2	7,091	5,999	1,092	15.4	6,768	6,056	712	10.5
Curry	15,446	14,194	1,252	8.1	15,436	14,220	1,215	7.9	15,435	14,484	951	6.2
De Baca	1,089	1,033	56	5.1	1,099	1,050	49	4.5	1,103	1,046	57	5.2
Eddy	24,536	21,566	2,970	12.1	25,192	21,529	3,663	14.5	25,526	23,114	2,412	9.4
Grant	10,353	8,875	1,478	14.3	10,609	9,057	1,552	14.6	11,067	7,435	3,632	32.8
Guadalupe	1,556	1,414	142	9.1	1,576	1,437	139	8.8	1,473	1,401	72	4.9
Harding	670	661	9	1.3	650	642	8	1.2	651	613	38	5.8
Hidalgo	2,585	2,413	172	6.7	2,604	2,414	190	7.3	2,694	2,379	315	11.7
Lea	33,097	31,057	2,040	6.2	33,200	30,983	2,217	6.7	35,415	33,361	2,054	5.3
Lincoln	7,864	7,405	459	5.8	7,924	7,517	407	5.1	7,240	6,920	320	4.4
Los Alamos	10,701	10,495	206	1.9	10,655	10,450	205	1.9	10,948	10,499	449	4.1
Luna	5,378	4,881	497	9.2	5,557	5,028	529	9.5	5,588	5,024	564	10.1
McKinley	17,362	15,322	2,040	11.7	17,527	15,248	2,279	13.0	17,866	15,540	2,326	13.0
Mora	1,171	822	349	29.8	1,122	802	320	28.5	1,233	899	334	27.1
Otero	14,541	13,327	1,214	8.3	14,691	13,589	1,102	7.5	14,809	13,541	1,268	8.6
Quay	5,616	5,194	422	7.5	5,598	5,154	444	7.9	5,353	4,880	473	8.8
Rio Arriba	11,031	9,264	1,767	16.0	11,051	9,348	1,703	15.4	11,158	9,240	1,918	17.2
Roosevelt	8,704	8,286	418	4.8	8,274	7,894	380	4.6	8,412	8,001	411	4.9
San Juan	37,982	33,037	4,945	13.0	38,512	33,129	5,383	14.0	39,130	34,406	4,724	12.1
San Miguel	8,483	7,473	1,010	11.9	8,700	7,689	1,011	11.6	9,174	8,054	1,120	12.2
Santa Fe	38,786	36,371	2,415	6.2	39,044	36,549	2,495	6.4	38,388	35,876	2,512	6.5
Sierra	2,565	2,434	131	5.1	2,485	2,340	145	5.8	2,787	2,582	205	7.4
Socorro	4,939	4,587	352	7.1	4,792	4,412	380	7.9	4,922	4,459	463	9.4
Taos	10,795	9,064	1,731	16.0	10,928	9,199	1,729	15.8	10,363	8,732	1,631	15.7
Torrance	2,334	2,190	144	6.2	2,364	2,222	132	5.6	2,498	2,350	148	5.9
Union	3,213	3,086	127	4.0	3,093	2,961	132	4.3	2,665	2,503	162	6.1
Valencia	10,731	9,525	1,206	11.2	10,931	9,596	1,335	12.2	11,366	10,190	1,176	10.3

1/ *All estimates are made in strict accordance with methodology provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics*

2/ *Bernalillo and Sandoval Counties*

3/ *Dona Ana County*

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